

Time for culture

VOCABULARY Culture

I can talk about cultural activities, likes and dislikes.



1 1 12 What can you see in the photos? In pairs, match photos 1–6 with phrases a–f. Listen and check. Write the answers in your notebook.

- **a** Is the concert very long?
- **b** It isn't easy to learn the steps.
- **c** I like stories with a happy ending.
- **d** Look at the camera ... say 'cheese'!
- e I like the colours in that painting but what is it? 1
- f The actors in this movie are terrible!

2 💿 1.13 Listen and repeat the words.

Vocabulary /	A People		
art	artist	cinema	actor, director
writing	writer	dance	dancer
photography	photographer	music	musician

3 In pairs, make true sentences with the phrases below and the words in Vocabulary A. Write the sentences in your notebook.

I'm a good ... I'm not a bad ... I'm not a great ...

- A: I think I'm a good actor. What about you?
- B: No, I'm not a great actor but I'm not a bad ...
- 4 1.14 IKNOW THAT! Add the words from the box to the correct category in Vocabulary B. Listen and check. Add more words in your notebook.

action films horror films rock short stories techno violin Zumba

Vocabulary B Cultural activities

Types of films:cartoonscomediesdocumentariesfantasy filmsromantic filmsscience fiction (sci-fi) films1 action films2Things to read:comicsnovelsgraphic novels3Types of dance:balletflamencosalsa4Musical instruments:drumsguitarpiano5Types of music:classical musichip-hoppoptraditional67

VOCABULARY

Culture | People | Cultural activities | Likes and dislikes | Age groups | News and entertainment

GRAMMAR

Present Simple: affirmative and negative | Adverbs of frequency | Present Simple: questions and answers

VIDEO

1.2 BBC Vox Pops



1.4 Grammar



1.5 BBC Vox Pops

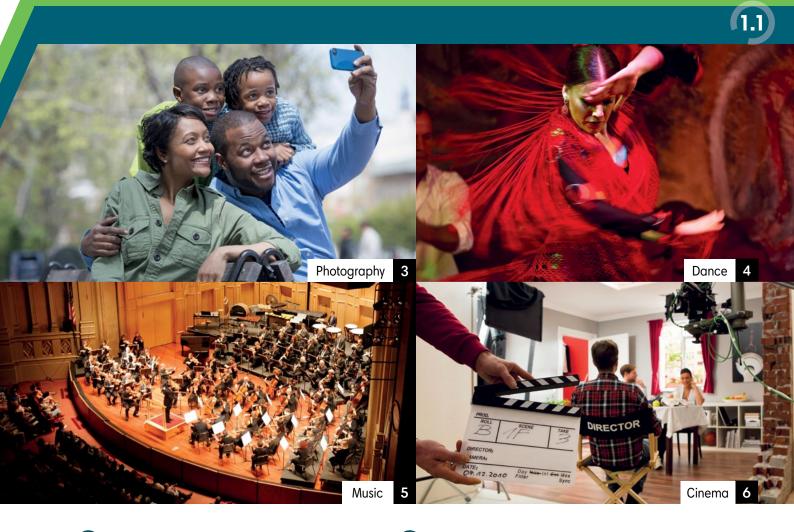


1.6 Speaking



BBC Culture and Skills





5 1.15 Listen and choose the correct option. Write the answers in your notebook.

Speaking Likes and dislikes

I'm *really* / *not really* interested in modern art. I *love* / *hate* reading horror stories. I *really like* / *don't like* taking selfies. I *love* / *hate* dancing flamenco. I'm *into* / *not into* classical music. I *like acting* / *don't like acting much*.

6 1.16 WORD FRIENDS Complete the sentences with the words below. Listen and check. Write the answers in your notebook.

acting dancing drawing listening playing reading taking watching

- 1 I like dancing flamenco.
- 2 I hate ? to techno.
- 3 I'm interested in 🕐 the guitar.
- 4 I love ? photos.
- 5 I'm not into 🕜 in plays or films.
- 6 I really like ? pictures.
- 7 I'm into ? comics.
- 8 I don't like ? horror films much.

7 1.17 Complete the text in your notebook. Then discuss with a partner. Are your answers the same? Listen and check.

michaelfblog.com

I'm Michael

I like ¹*listening* to classical music. I've got a violin but I'm not a ² musician so I can't play it very well. I'm shy so I hate dancing and ³ in plays but I'm really ⁴ photography – I've got a good camera and I love ⁵ photos. I'm not a bad photographer. I'm ⁶ in art too. I don't like painting much but I really like drawing ⁷ and I love ⁸ graphic novels and watching science fiction films. What about you?

- 8 In groups, talk about your likes and dislikes. Use Exercise 7 and the Speaking box to help you. Which person in your group has similar likes and dislikes to you?
 - A: Are you into music?
 - B: Yes, I am. I love rock music. I play the guitar. I'm a musician. What about you?

I can use the Present Simple to talk about habits and routines.

1 (118) Read Rose's blog. Has Rose got the same interests as her sister, Violet?



10 Feb 4:56

We look the same but we don't like the same things. Violet studies classical music but I study art. She reads novels and poems but I don't read much. And she often watches TV but I never watch TV – it doesn't interest me.

Violet writes poems. I write texts on my phone. I paint pictures. Violet tries to paint but she never finishes her paintings. She doesn't understand art! I love hip-hop. She says that hip-hop annoys her.

Our friends don't understand. 'You don't like the same things!' they say. 'But you always go out together! Why?' 'We have some fantastic arguments!' I say.

added by Rose

2 Read the Grammar box and find more examples

Tweet y 13 Like 2

of the Present Simple in the text in Exercise 1.

Grammar	Present Simple: affirmative and negative	
+		_
I love hip-hop. She write <u>s</u> poems. She often go <u>es</u> out. She stud <u>ies</u> art.		I don't watch TV. She doesn't like music.
		vays, usually, often, fore the verb but after

GRAMMAR TIME > PAGE 122

- 3 In pairs, say how Rose and Violet are different. Rose studies art but Violet studies music.
- 4 Add adverbs of frequency to make these sentences true for you. Write the answers in your notebook.
 - 1 I write poems. *I sometimes write poems*.
 - 2 My mother reads novels.
 - **3** My teacher draws pictures on the board.
 - 4 We (my friends and I) go dancing.
 - 5 My classmates listen to classical music.

5 (1.19 Complete the text with the correct form of the verbs in brackets. Write the answers in your notebook. Listen and check.

I ¹*live* (live) in a village so I ² (not go) to the cinema very often. My brother often ³ (watch) films on TV but I ⁴ (prefer) playing games with my friend, Dylan. He usually ⁵ (win) but he ⁶ (not win) every game. We ⁷ (not play) very often on school days but we ⁸ (play) a lot at weekends.

6 Correct the sentences in your notebook.

- Taylor Swift plays the drums in a group.
 Taylor Swift doesn't play the drums. She sings.
- 2 One Direction play classical music.
- **3** Director Tim Burton makes documentaries.
- 4 J.K. Rowling acts in films.
- 5 Daniel Radcliffe and Emma Watson paint pictures.
- 7 1.20 Complete the text with the words below. Write the answers in your notebook. There is one extra word. Listen and check.

dancing doesn't don't go sometimes loves

I love ¹*dancing*! I ² ? to dance classes with my friend, Kay. We do hip-hop – it's great! – and we ³ ? do Zumba but not very often. I ⁴ ? like salsa much but Kay ⁵ ? it.



I often listen to rap music but Jo prefers pop.

I can find specific detail in an article and talk about age groups.

1 CLASS VOTE How many hours of TV do you usually watch after school?

- I never watch TV.
- One-two hours
- Under one hour
- More than two hours
- **2** Read the first paragraph of the text. What do you think these phrases mean?
 - a a couch potato
 - **b** to have square eyes
- 3 💿 1.21 Read the rest of the text. Match headings a-e with paragraphs 1-4. There is one extra heading. Write the answers in your notebook. Listen and check.
 - **a** A global change
- **d** Too much TV?

e A new obsession

- **b** Surprising statistics
- **c** TV is cool again

4 (1.22 How do you say the words below in your language?

Vocabulary Age groups

adults kids middle-aged (people) pensioners teenagers

5 In your notebook, make sentences about the people below using the words in the Vocabulary box.

- 1 Jon and Cara are sixteen. They're teenagers.
- 2 Wendy is eight and Peter is five.
- 3 Bob and his wife are seventy-nine.
- 4 Emma and Dom aren't children.
- 5 Dick and Helen are both fifty-two.
- 6 Read the text again. Are the sentences true, false or the text doesn't say?
 - 1 Parents and teachers agree that teenagers watch too much TV.
 - 2 Middle-aged people watch more TV than teenagers.
 - 3 Pensioners watch six hours of TV a week.
 - 4 Teenagers don't watch TV because they prefer to be outside in the fresh air.
 - 5 Teenagers in Britain usually have a TV in their bedroom.
- 7 The survey shows British people watch a lot of TV. What about you and your family?

I don't watch TV very often but my sister watches TV all evening.

Where are all the couch potatoes?

Parents and teachers always say that teenagers are 'couch potatoes' and spend all their time in front of stupid TV programmes. But is it true that young people have 'square eyes'? Do they really watch a lot of TV?

2

The results of a recent survey show that people in Britain typically watch twenty-seven and a half hours of TV every week - almost four hours a day! But there is some surprising news - young people don't watch as much TV as adults. For example, middleaged adults (aged forty-five to sixty-five) watch about five hours a day. But young people aged twelve to seventeen only watch about two and a half hours a day. And a typical pensioner watches about six hours a day!

Studies in countries such as the USA and Australia suggest the same: kids today spend less time in front of their TV sets than young people in the 1980s.



Teenagers today don't often sit with their families on the living-room couch. So where are they? Do they perhaps spend all their free time in the fresh air, away from the TV? The simple answer is no, they don't. The favourite free time activity of British teenagers is now surfing the internet - typically about thirty-one hours a week! The couch potato is alive and well he's just back in his bedroom.

I can ask and answer questions about habits and routines.



- Lee: Hey, Amy. Do you want to hear my new song?
- Amy: Yes, I do, but not right now, Lee. There's a Bro concert on TV.
- Lee: What time does it start?
- Amy: Eight o'clock.
- Lee: To be honest, I don't really like ...
- Amy: He's awesome! He plays the guitar and the piano and he's a wonderful singer!
- Lee: Does he write his songs?
- Amy: No, he doesn't. Do you know what he does in his free time?
- Lee: I've no idea. What does he do in his free time?
- Amy: He works in a home for sick animals once a week. He lives in a big house in Hollywood with lots of cats and dogs. Animals love him. He's perfect!
- Lee: Yeah, right.

Not right now. To be honest, ... Awesome! I've no idea. Yeah, right.



1 (2) (1.23 Watch or listen to Part 1. Is Lee a big fan of Bro?

2 Read the Grammar box. Find more Present Simple questions and answers in the dialogue.

Grammar	Present Simple: questions and answers		
?			
Do you want to play? Does he write songs? Do they like animals?		Yes, I do./No, I don't. Yes, he does./No, he doesn't. Yes, they do./No, they don't.	
Where does he live? How often do you go there?		In Hollywood. Once/Twice/Three times a day. Every Sunday./Often.	
		GRAMMAR TIME > PAGE 122	

- 3 Read the dialogue again and answer the questions.
 - 1 What time does the concert start?
 - 2 What does Amy think of Bro?
 - 3 What instruments does Bro play?

4 Read the dialogue again and find Bro's answers to the questions below.



5 (C) 3 (1.24 In your notebook, write questions in the Present Simple. Watch or listen to Part 2 and answer the questions.

- 1 Tom Lewis / play music / ? Does Tom Lewis play music?
- 2 what / Tom Lewis / do in his free time / ?
- 3 how often / he / go there / ?
- 4 where / Tom Lewis / live / ?
- 5 Lee / always / listen to Amy / ?
- 6 what / Amy / want to do / ?

6 In pairs, ask and answer the questions.

- 1 Who's your favourite actor/pop star? Where does he/she live?
- 2 What does he/she do in his/her free time?

My favourite actor is Emilia Clarke. She lives in ...

7 In pairs, ask and answer questions about the activities below.

- watch music videos make videos play an instrument take photos sing change the posters in your room
- A: Do you watch music videos?
- B: Yes, I do.
- A: How often do you do it?

LISTENING and VOCABULARY Types of media

I can identify specific detail in a conversation and talk about media habits.

<text>

- 1 1.25 Read the survey. Then listen and match speakers A-E with questions 1-8. There are three extra questions. Write the answers in your notebook.
 - A 7 B ? C ? D ? E ?
- 2 CLASS VOTE Answer the questions in the survey. What is the most popular type of media in the class?
- 3 (1.26 In which type of media from the survey can you find these things? Sometimes more than one answer is possible.

Vocabulary News and entertainment

blog/vlog current affairs documentary game show film/game reviews horoscopes message board news headlines phone-in reality show soap opera sports pages talk show video clips weather forecast

4 Use the Vocabulary box to complete the sentences. Write the answers in your notebook.

- 1 My dad loves watching *game shows*. He usually shouts out the answers at the TV!
- 2 The group's ? is a place on the internet for fans to meet and write about the group.
- 3 My favourite ? is on Channel 4 on Mondays. I think the actors are fantastic!
- 4 I don't often read ? because my friends tell me which games to buy.
- 5 My sister often sends me links to funny ? with cats on the internet.

5 In pairs, take turns to name an example of the types of media in the Vocabulary box.

A: The X Factor. B: That's a reality show.

- 6 1.27 Listen and match speakers 1–4 with the type of radio programme they like a–e. There is one extra answer. Write the answers in your notebook.
 - 1 Cara
 - 2 Cara's dad
 - **3** Rob, Cara's brother

4 Cara's mum

b Pop Top 20

a current affairs

- **c** sports
- **d** phone-ins
- e rock music

7 (54) VOX POPS Talk to your partner. What magazines or newspapers do you read? What are your favourite websites? What programmes do you watch?



- 1 I often read these magazines:
- 2 My three favourite websites are 2, 2 and 2.
- **3** My favourite radio station is **2**. I usually listen to it when I **2**.
- 4 My favourite types of TV programme are 2 and 2.
- 5 I watch severy week.

1.5

I can buy a ticket at the cinema.



- Tess: That's twelve fifty, please.
- Amy: Here you are.
- Tess: Thank you. Enjoy the film!
- Lee: Yeah, right.

No way! Come on, please! Hold on! OUT of

class

CLASS VOTE Look at the cinema programme and say what types of film are on. Which ones would you like to see?

I think True Love is a romantic comedy. I'd like to see it.

2 (5) 5 (1.28 Watch or listen. Answer the questions.

- 1 Which film do Lee and Amy go to see?
- 2 What time does it start?
- 3 How much is each ticket?

3 (1.29 Complete the dialogue with the phrases from the Speaking box. Write the answers in your notebook. Listen and check.

Krystal: Can I have two ¹tickets for True Love, please?

Tess: Which²??

Krystal: The 8.15 screening.

Tess: Here you are... Two tickets in ³ ? five.

Krystal: How ⁴ ? is that?

Tess: That's twelve fifty, 5 ?.

- Krystal: 6 ? you are.
- Tess: 7 you, enjoy the movie.

Speaking At the cinema

Buying tickets

- What's on?
- Can I have two tickets for *ZooWorld*, please?
- I'd like two for *True Love*, please.
- The 6.15 screening.
- How much is that?
- Here you are.

Selling tickets

- Which screening?
- I'm sorry, it's sold out.
- There are two seats in the front row.
- Row seven. Is that OK?
- That's twelve fifty, please.
- 4 In pairs, buy tickets for a film from Exercise 1.Use the Speaking box to help you.

A: Can I have two tickets for ... ?

12 Unit 1

WRITING A personal introduction

I can write a personal introduction to a webpage.

...

Lee Marshall

Harlow Mill, near London, England alternative/lo-fi



About me

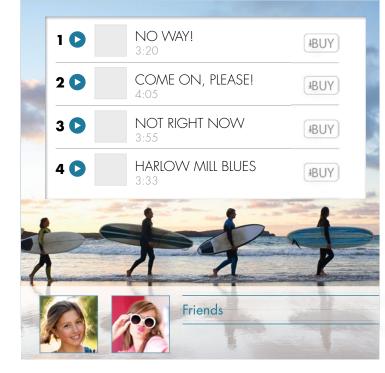
My name is Lee Marshall and I'm fifteen. I'm English. I live with my parents and

my sister, Ruby, in Harlow Mill, near London. I'm in Year 10 at Harlow Mill High School. My favourite subjects are Music, Art and English.

- I like books and movies but my big passion is music. My favourite band is Arcade Fire - they're from
- Canada and they're awesome. In my free time, I sing and play the guitar.
- I make music on my laptop every day and

3 I sometimes write songs. Click on the media player

to listen to them and tell me what you think!



CLASS VOTE Have you got a personal webpage?

2 In pairs, quickly look at Lee's webpage. Which sentence is not true?

- 1 There is a photo of Lee on the webpage.
- 2 You can listen to some of Lee's songs.
- 3 You can look at Lee's photo gallery.
- 4 There is some personal information about Lee.
- 5 You can see some of Lee's friends on his page.



(1.7)

- **3** In pairs, read Lee's introduction. Which things from the box does he write about?
 - school nationality hobbies best friend name and age family/hometown personality interests (books, music etc.)
- 4 Look at Lee's profile again. Say how you are similar to or different from Lee.

He's English but I come from Poland. He's got a sister and I've got a sister too.

- 5 Look at the Writing box. In your notebook, complete the sentences about interests and hobbies to make them true for you.
- **6** WRITING TIME In your notebook, write a personal introduction for a webpage. Use the Writing box, your answers from Exercise 5 and Lee's text to help you.

Write about:

- personal details
- (2) interests and hobbies
- 3 routines

Revision

VOCABULARY

- In your notebook, write the correct word for each definition.
 - 1 This person makes films and tells actors what to do. **d** ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ?
 - 2 It's something you like doing in your free time. h????????

 - 4 It's a good idea to read one before you see a film. **r** ? ? ? ? ?
 - 5 This person is aged from thirteen to nineteen.
 - 6 This person doesn't work because of

2 Complete the text in your notebook. Then ask and answer the questions in pairs.

* the media and your parents

Do your parents:

- 1 listen to the radio? When? Which programmes do they prefer?
- **2** watch the ¹**n** ? on TV? At what time?
- 3 watch the weather ${}^{2}\mathbf{f}$? every day?
- 4 watch documentaries on TV? What about ³s ? operas, ⁴t ? shows, ⁵g ? shows, ⁶**r** ? shows?
- 5 buy newspapers or ⁷m ?? Which sections do they read first?

3 Complete the poem with the words below. Write the answers in your notebook. There are two extra words.

act go make play potato sing story take watch write

I want to 1 2 dancing and 2 2 the guitar And then 3 ? a song with my favourite pop star. I want to 4 \square a poem and 5 \square in a play And ⁶ ? some photos of a beautiful ballet. I don't want to ⁷ ? films on TV all day Or be a couch ⁸ ? , no way!

GRAMMAR

- **4** Complete the sentences with the Present Simple form of the verbs in brackets. Write the answers in your notebook.
 - 1 Beyoncé ? (live) in the USA. She ? (not live) in England.
 - 2 Jo 🔹 (go) to dance classes on Fridays.
 - 3 No, I ? (never/watch) reality shows.
 - **4** My friends ? (prefer) romantic films. They [?] (not enjoy) science fiction films.
 - 5 Yes, I 2. I 2 (listen) to it every day.
- 5 In your notebook, write questions for the answers in Exercise 4.
 - 1 Where ? ?
 - 2 When ? ?
 - 3 ? reality shows?
 - **4** What kind of ? ?
 - **5** ? to techno?
- 6 Work in pairs. In your notebook, write five sentences about a classmate using the words in A and B. Then ask your classmate questions with how often to check your ideas.
 - A: always often sometimes usually never once/twice/three times a ...
 - B: act go listen paint play read watch

SPEAKING

7 Work in pairs. Student A, ask your partner these questions and buy two tickets to see a film. Student B, look at page 134.

Student A

- What's on?
- How much ...?
- What time ...?
- ... seats / row 7?
- ... two tickets / please?

DICTATION

8 💽 1.30 Listen to the recording. Write the sentences in your notebook.

Check yourself! -

- I can talk about cultural activities, likes and dislikes.
- ✓ I can use the Present Simple to talk and ask about habits and routines.
- I can find specific detail in an article and in a conversation.
- I can talk about age groups and media habits.
- I can buy a ticket at the cinema.
- I can write a personal introduction to a webpage.

LESSON 1.1 Culture: People Ludzie związani z kulturg actor /'æktə/ aktor artist /'a:tist/ artysta dancer /'da:nsə/ tancerz director /di'rektə/ reżyser musician /mju:'zɪʃən/ muzyk **photographer** /fə^ttpgrəfə/ fotograf writer /'raitə/ pisarz Cultural activities Korzystanie z kultury act in plays / films /ækt in pleis, filmz/ grać w teatrze / w filmach acting / aktorstwo action film / akjan film/ film akcji art /a:t/ sztuka ballet /'bælei/ balet be interested in sth /bi 'intrəstəd in 'sʌmθıŋ/ interesować się czymś **be into sth** /bi 'Intə 'sʌmθıŋ/ pasjonować się czymś camera /ˈkæmərə/ kamera, aparat fotograficzny cartoon /ka:'tu:n/ kreskówka cinema /'sınəmə/ kino classical music /ˈklæsɪkəl ˈmju:zɪk/ muzyka poważna comedy /'kpmədi/ komedia comic /'kpmik/ komiks **concert** /'kpnsət/ koncert dance /da:ns/ tańczyć dancing /'da:ns:m/ taniec documentary / dpkjə'mentəri/ film dokumentalny drawing /'dro:m/ rysunek drums /drnmz/ perkusja fantasy film /'fæntəsi film/ film fantasy flamenco /flə'meŋkəu/ flamenco (rodzaj tańca) graphic novel /'græfik 'npvəl/ komiks, powieść graficzna guitar /gi'ta:/ gitara happy ending /'hæpi 'endıŋ/ szczęśliwe zakończenie hip-hop /hip hop/ hip-hop horror film / hprə film/ horror horror story /'hprə 'stə:ri/ przerażająca opowieść learn the (dance) steps /ls:n ðə da:ns steps/ nauczyć się kroków (w tańcu) listen to music / hip-hop /'lɪsən tə 'mju:zık 'hıp hpp/ słuchać muzyki/ hip-hopu modern art /'mpdn a:t/ sztuka nowoczesna music /'mju:zik/ muzyka novel /'npvəl/ powieść painting /'peintin/ obraz photography /fə'tpgrəfi/ fotografia

piano /pi'ænəu/ pianino, fortepian **picture** /'piktʃə/ zdjęcie, obrazek play /plei/ sztuka play the guitar /plei ðə gi'ta:/ grać na gitarze qoq \quad qoq reading /'ri:din/ czytanie rock /rpk/ rock salsa /¹sælsə/ salsa science fiction film /'saləns 'fık(ən film/ film science-fiction story /'sto:ri/ historia techno /'teknəu/ techno traditional /trəˈdɪʃənəl/ tradycyjny violin / vaiə'lin/ skrzypce writing /'raitiŋ/ pisanie Zumba /'zumbə/ zumba

LESSON 1.2

blog /blog/ blog go dancing /gəu 'da:nsıŋ/ iść potańczyć poem /'pəuəm/ wiersz read film reviews /ri:d film rr'vju:z/ czytać recenzje filmowe sing /sıŋ/ śpiewać take photos / selfies /teɪk 'fəutəs 'selfɪs/ robić zdjęcia / zdjęcia samemu sobie

LESSON 1.3

adult /ə'dʌlt/ dorosły couch potato /'kautʃ pə'tertəu/ osoba, która spędza większość czasu przed telewizorem have square eyes /həv skweə 'aız/ oglądać za dużo telewizji kid /kɪd/ dziecko, dzieciak middle-aged (person) /ımɪdəl 'eɪdʒd 'pə:sn/ osoba w średnim wieku pensioner /'penʃənə/ emeryt survey /'sɜ:veɪ/ ankieta teenager /'ti:neɪdʒə/ nastolatek TV programme /ıti: 'vi: 'prəugræm/ program TV

LESSON 1.4

Out of class Not right now. /nət raıt 'nəu/ Nie teraz. To be honest, ... /tə bi 'pnıst/ Szczerze mówiąc... Awesome! /'ɔːsəm/ Znakomicie! I've no idea. /aıv nəu aı'dıə/ Nie mam pojęcia. Yeah, right. /jeə raıt/ Skoro tak mówisz... poster /'pəustə/ n plakat

make videos /meik 'vidiəuz/ tworzyć klipy wideo watch music / pop videos /wptʃ 'mju:zık ppp 'vidiəuz/ oglądać teledyski

LESSON 1.5 celebrity /səˈlebrəti/ znana osoba

check sports results / the weather forecast / the news /tsk 'sports rɪ'zʌlts ðə 'weðə ˌfɔ:ka:st ðə nju:z/ sprawdzać wyniki sportowe / prognozę pogody / wiadomości current affairs / kArant a 'feaz/ sprawy bieżące, aktualności film / game review / film geim ri'vju:/ recenzja filmu / gry find information /faind infəˈmei∫ən/ znaleźć informacje game show /geim ∫əʊ/ teleturniej horoscope /'hpraskaup/ horoskop magazine /mægəˈziːn/ magazyn, czasopismo media /'mi:diə/ media message board /'mesid3 bo:d/ forum internetowe **news headlines** /'nju:z hedlamz/ skrót najważniejszych wiadomości phone-in /'fəun ın/ program, podczas którego słuchacze telefonują do studia radio station /'reɪdiəu 'steɪ∫ən/ stacja radiowa reality show /ri'æləti jəu/ reality show soap opera /saup 'ppara/ opera mydlana sports pages /sports 'peid3 iz/ sekcja sportowa w gazecie talk show /to:k (au/ talk show video clip /'vɪdiəu klɪp/ klip wideo weather forecast /'weðə 'fɔ:ka:st/ prognoza pogody

website /'websait/ strong internetowa

LESSON 1.6

Out of class No way! /nəʊ weɪ/ Nie ma mowy! Come on, please! /ˈkʌm ən ˈpliːz/ Proszę cię! Hold on! /həʊld ˈɒn/ Poczekaj!

(cinema) programme /sməmə 'prəugræm/ repertuar (kina) romantic film /rəu'mæntık fılm/ romantyczny film row /'rəu m sməmə/ rzqd (np. w kinie) screening /'skri:nm/ seans kinowy seat /si:t/ miejsce (w kinie) see what's on (at the cinema) /si: wpts 'pn ət öə 'sməmə/ sprawdzać,

co grają w kinie sold out /sauld aut/ wyprzedany

LESSON 1.7

hometown / həum 'taun/ miasto rodzinne hobby /'hubi/ hobby interests /'mtrəsts/ zainteresowania nationality /næʃə'næləti/ narodowość be mad about sth /bi 'mæd ə'baut _ssmθŋ/ pasjonować się czymś



GULTURE 6 SKILLS

Why do we dance?

Dancing in the UK

Many of us love dancing or watching dancing. But why do you think we do it? It's strange when you think about it. When we dance, we don't go anywhere and we don't make anything, so what's the reason for it?

Today in the UK dance is very popular. About 5 million people go to dance classes every week. There are many styles but the most popular are street-dancing, ceroc, ballet and salsa.

Street-dancing has got many styles including breaking, hip-hop and popping. It's popular with young people and you have to be very flexible. Some people say we do this kind of dance to show our friends how strong and skilful we are.

Ceroc is a simple version of swing, salsa and jive. You can do ceroc to fast or slow music. It is very popular with middle-aged people because dancing is a good way to keep fit.

Ballet is popular all over the world. There are many spins and jumps in ballet. It's very difficult and you must do a lot of training to be good at it. Ballet usually tells stories and people think it's very beautiful.

Salsa is from Cuba. The word 'salsa' is Spanish for hot and spicy sauce. Salsa dancers have got a lot of passion and energy. People usually dance salsa to fast and fun music. One reason we do this dance is to show how attractive we are to other peope.

So there are many reasons why we dance. Whatever the reason everyone agrees that dancing is great fun.

GLOSSARY

attractive (adj) good-looking flexible (adj) bending and moving easily skilful (adj) good at doing something spicy (adj) a strong, pleasant taste spin (n) the movement of something turning around very quickly

READING

1 In pairs, discuss the questions.

- 1 Do you like dancing? Are you a good dancer?
- 2 How popular is dancing in your country?
- 3 Do you know anyone who is a very good (or bad) dancer?
- 4 Why do you think we dance?

2 Read the text. Are the sentences true or false?

- 1 Street-dancing is popular with middle-aged people.
- 2 Ceroc is always danced to fast music.
- 3 Ballet is from Cuba.
- 4 Salsa also means a hot and spicy sauce in Spanish.
- 3 Work in pairs. Read the text again and find four reasons for why people dance. Are they the same as your ideas in Exercise 1?
- 4 You are going to watch part of a video from the BBC about a dance competition. Read the advert for the programme. Do you have competitions like this in your country?

3



This competition happens every year. Judges choose the best dancers from four sections – ballet, contemporary, hip-hop and South Asian.









WATCHING

- 5 (b) 6 Watch Part 1 of the video. Match the contestants (1-5) to the reasons why they dance (A-E). Write the answers in your notebook.
 - 1 Harry Barnes
- A It's creative.B It's hypnotic.
- 2 Jonadette Carpio
- **C** It's uplifting.
- 3 Jodelle Douglas4 Sharifa Tonkmor
- 5 Kieran Lai
- D It's liberating.E It's their passion.
- 6 In pairs, discuss who your favourite dancer is and why.
- 7 (>> 6) Watch the video again. Are the sentences true or false? In your notebook, correct the false statements.
 - 1 Harry always feels happy.
 - 2 Jonadette was born in a different country.
 - **3** Jodelle usually works alone.
 - 4 Sharifa doesn't plan her dances.
 - 5 Kieran uses machines when he dances.
- 8 (**7**) Watch Part 2 of the video and answer the questions.
 - 1 Who is the winner?
 - 2 Why do the judges like him/her?
 - **3** How does the winner react/feel?
 - 4 What happens next for the winner?
- 9 Work in pairs. Do you think the winner is the best dancer? Why?/Why not?

Yes, I agree with the result. No, I don't think so. I think ...

PROJECT

- 10 Work in groups. Create a digital presentation promoting dance and its benefits.
 - 1 Use the internet to research traditional or popular dances in your country.
 - 2 Write a short script for your presentation.
 - 3 Include some photos or video.
 - 4 Share the presentation with your class.
 - 5 Vote for the most interesting presentation.